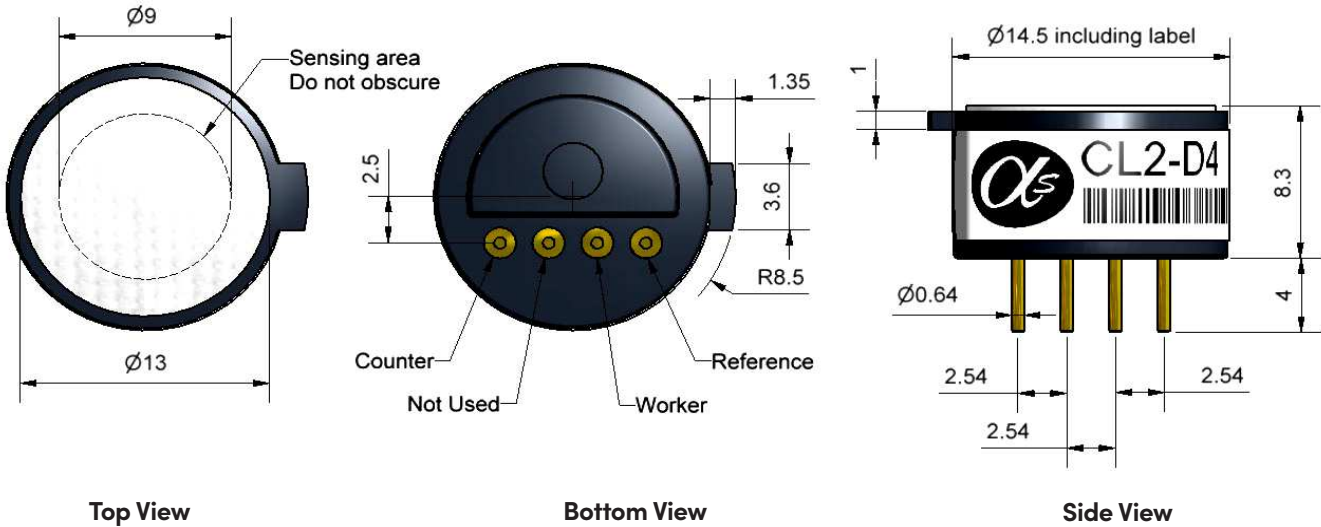


CL2-D4 Chlorine Sensor – Miniature Size



Dimensions are in millimetres (± 0.1 mm).

| | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Performance | Sensitivity | nA/ppm in 10ppm Cl ₂ | | -150 to -350 |
| | Response time | t90 (s) from zero to 10ppm Cl ₂ | | < 35 |
| | Zero current | ppm equivalent in zero air | | ± 0.8 |
| | Resolution | RMS noise (ppm equivalent) | | < 0.1 |
| | Range | ppm Cl ₂ limit of performance warranty | | 20 |
| | Linearity | ppm error at full scale, linear at zero and 10ppm Cl ₂ | | ± 0.5 |
| | Overgas limit | maximum ppm for stable response to gas pulse | | 60 |
| | | | | |
| Lifetime | Zero drift | ppm equivalent change/year in lab air | | nd |
| | Sensitivity drift | % change/month in lab air, twice monthly test | | nd |
| | Operating life | months until 80% original signal (24-month warranted) | | > 18 |
| Environmental | Sensitivity @ -20°C | % (output @ -20°C/output @ 20°C) @ 10ppm Cl ₂ | | 80 to 110 |
| | Sensitivity @ 50°C | % (output @ 50°C/output @ 20°C) @ 10ppm Cl ₂ | | 95 to 125 |
| | Zero @ -20°C | ppm equivalent change from 20°C | | -0.4 to 0.4 |
| | Zero @ 50° | ppm equivalent change from 20°C | | 0 to 0.5 |
| Cross Sensitivity | H ₂ S sensitivity | % measured gas @ 20ppm | H ₂ S | < -200 |
| | NO ₂ sensitivity | % measured gas @ 10ppm | NO ₂ | < 120 |
| | NO sensitivity | % measured gas @ 50ppm | NO | < 0.5 |
| | SO ₂ sensitivity | % measured gas @ 20ppm | SO ₂ | < -3 |
| | CO sensitivity | % measured gas @ 400ppm | CO | < 0.1 |
| | H ₂ sensitivity | % measured gas @ 400ppm | H ₂ | < 0.1 |
| | C ₂ H ₄ sensitivity | % measured gas @ 400ppm | C ₂ H ₄ | < 0.1 |
| | NH ₃ sensitivity | % measured gas @ 20ppm | NH ₃ | < 0.1 |
| | | | | |
| Key Specifications | Temperature range | °C | | -20 to 50 |
| | Pressure range | kPa | | 80 to 120 |
| | Humidity range | % rh (see note below) | | 15 to 90 |
| | Storage period | months @ 3 to 20°C (stored in sealed pot) | | 6 |
| | Load resistor | Ω (for optimum performance) | | 33 |
| | Weight | g | | < 2 |

Figure 1 Response to 10ppm Cl₂

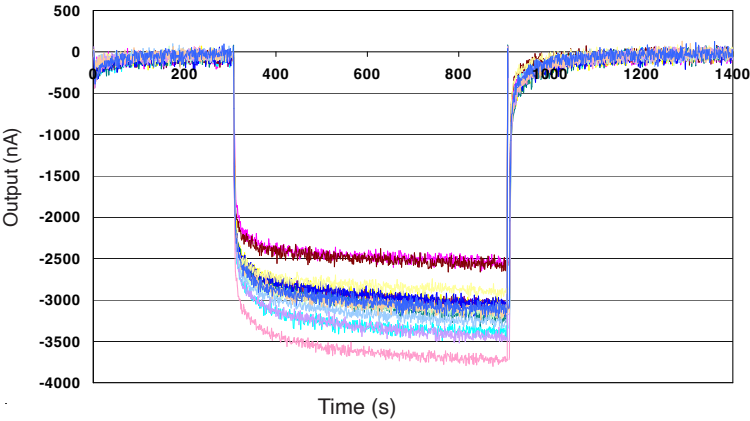


Figure 1 shows response to 10ppm Cl₂.
This data is taken from a typical batch of sensors.

Figure 2 Zero Temperature Dependence

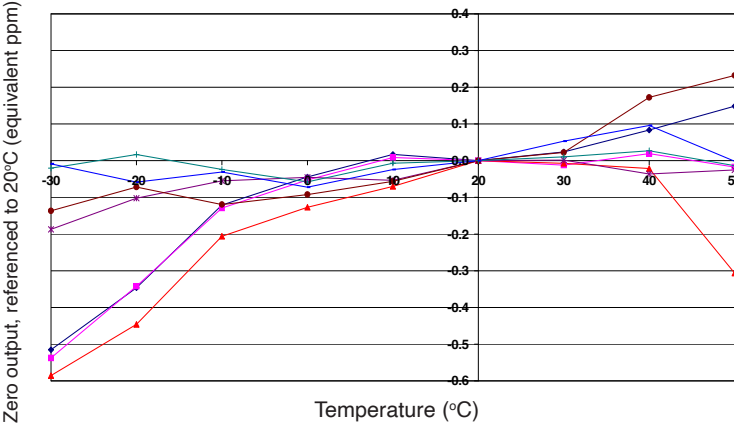


Figure 2 shows the variation in the zero by changes in temperature, expressed as equivalent ppm, referenced to zero at 20°C. This data is taken from a typical batch of sensors.

Figure 3 Load Resistor Dependence

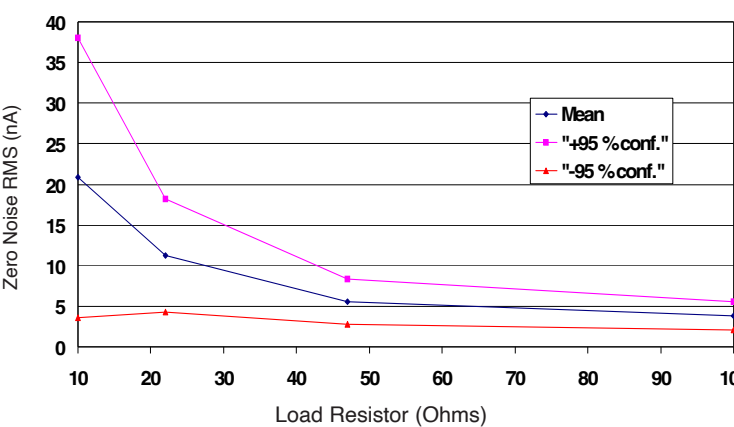


Figure 3 shows the effect of the load resistor on noise. Higher resistance reduces sensor noise, but also linearly increases response time.

Note: Above 85% rh and 40°C a maximum continuous exposure period of 10 days is warranted. Where such exposure occurs the sensor will recover normal electrolyte volumes when allowed to rest at lower % rh and temperature levels for several days.

At the end of the product's life, do not dispose of any electronic sensor, component or instrument in the domestic waste, but contact the instrument manufacturer, Alphasense or its distributor for disposal instructions. NOTE: all sensors are tested at ambient environmental conditions unless otherwise stated. As applications of use are outside our control, the information provided is given without legal responsibility. Customers should test under their own conditions, to ensure that the sensors are suitable for their own requirements.

In the interest of continued product improvement, we reserve the right to change design features and specifications without prior notification. The data contained in this document is for guidance only. Alphasense Ltd accepts no liability for any consequential losses, injury or damage resulting from the use of this document or the information contained within.(©ALPHASENSE LTD) Doc. Ref. CL2-D4/SEP22