Variable Gain Photoreceiver – Fast Optical Power Meter



The picture shows model OE-200-UV-FC with fiber optic input.

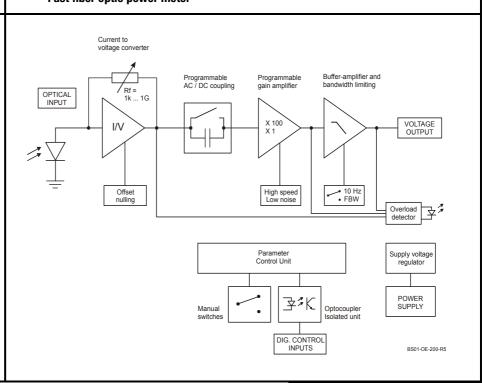
Features

- Si-PIN detector, active area 1.1 x 1.1 mm²
- Spectral range 190 1000 nm
- Very low noise, NEP down to 17 fW/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
- Bandwidth up to 500 kHz
- Conversion gain adjustable from 1 x 10³ up to 1 x 10¹¹ V/W
- Optical free-space input 1.035"-40 threaded, alternatively 25 mm diameter unthreaded.
- Fiber optic input available as screw-on adapter (1.035"-40) and as permanently mounted FC-input (for calibrated precision measurements)
- Factory calibrated at 850 nm (fiber optic FC version only)
- Full manual and remote control capability

Applications

- All-purpose very low-noise photoreceiver (O/E converter)
- Time resolved optical pulse and power measurements
- Optical front-end for oscilloscopes, spectrum analyzers, A/D converters and lock-in amplifiers
- Fast fiber optic power meter

Block Diagram



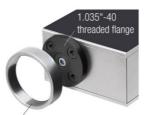
SOPHISTICATED TOOLS FOR SIGNAL RECOVERY

E M T O

Variable Gain Photoreceiver – Fast Optical Power Meter

Available Versions

0E-200-UV-FST



Internal threaded coupler ring with 30 mm outer diameter (included)

1.035"-40 threaded flange for free space applications compatible with many optical standard accessories and for use with various types of fiber connector adapters.

Optional: Fiber adapters PRA-FC and PRA-FSMA





0E-200-UV-FS



25 mm dia. unthreaded flange for free space applications compatible with many optical standard accessories.

0E-200-UV-FC



fix/permanent FC fiber connector for highest coupling efficiency and best conversion gain accuracy (±5 %)

Since illumination conditions with the permanently mounted fiber optic connector are well defined, the FC model is delivered with a factory calibrated conversion gain at 850 nm.

The electro optical conversion gain factors of the FST and FS free space models are set to fit nominally at 850 nm.

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Related OE-200 Models See separate datasheets for following models on www.femto.de: @ 850 nm Si-PIN, Ø 1.2 mm, 320 - 1060 nm 0E-200-SI-FST free space input, 1.035"-40 threaded flange 0E-200-SI-FS Si-PIN, Ø 1.2 mm, 320 - 1060 nm free space input, 25 mm dia. unthreaded flange 0E-200-SI-FC Si-PIN, Ø 1.2 mm, 320 - 1060 nm FC fiber connector (fix/permanent) InGaAs-PIN, Ø 300 µm, 900 - 1700 nm @ 1310 nm 0E-200-IN1-FST free space input, 1.035"-40 threaded flange InGaAs-PIN, Ø 300 μm, 900 - 1700 nm 0E-200-IN1-FS free space input, 25 mm dia. unthreaded flange 0E-200-IN1-FC InGaAs-PIN, integrated ball lens, 900 - 1700 nm FC fiber connector (fix/permanent) @ 1550 nm OE-200-IN2-FST InGaAs-PIN, Ø 300 µm, 900 - 1700 nm free space input, 1.035"-40 threaded flange InGaAs-PIN, Ø 300 µm, 900 - 1700 nm 0E-200-IN2-FS free space input, 25 mm dia. unthreaded flange InGaAs-PIN, integrated ball lens, 900 - 1700 nm 0E-200-IN2-FC FC fiber connector (fix/permanent) 0E-200-S customized versions available on request Available Accessories PRA-FSMA fiber-adapter with external PRA-FC 1.035"-40 thread PRA-FC





PRA-PAP



post adapter plate, easy to mount on FEMTO photoreceiver series OE, FWPR, PWPR, HCA-S and LCA-S

PS-15-25-L



power supply, input: 100 - 240 VAC, output: ±15 VDC

LUCI-10



compact digital I/O interface for USB remote control, supports opto-isolation of amplifier signal path from PC USB port, 16 digital outputs, 3 opto-isolated digital inputs, bus-powered operation

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Specifications $V_s = \pm 15 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, \text{ output load impedance 1 M}\Omega$

Gain Conversion gain $1 \times 10^3 \dots 1 \times 10^{11} \text{ V/W } (@ 850 \text{ nm, output load} \ge 100 \text{ k}\Omega)$

Gain accuracy ± 1 % electrical, between settings

Conversion gain accuracy OE-200-UV-FST/FS (@ $P_{OPT} \le 2$ mW, 850 nm)

free space ± 15 % nominal

OE-200-SI-FST (@ $P_{\rm opt} \le 2$ mW, 1550 nm) with fiber adapter (PRA series) ± 15 % nominal

 $0E-200-UV-FC \ (@P_{OPT} \le 1 \ mW, 850 \ nm)$

fixed fiber input connector ±5 % guaranteed by factory calibration*

ractory cambration

* Factory verified with MM 50/125, FC/APC, NA 0.22 (when using FC/PC fiber connector, coupling efficiency may differ slightly.) Coupling efficiency depends on fiber type.

Gain drift see table below

Frequency Response Lower cut-off frequency DC / 1 Hz, switchable

Upper cut-off frequency (-3dB) up to 500 kHz (see table below), switchable to 10 Hz

Detector Upe Si-PIN photodiode
Active area 1.1 x 1.1 mm²
Spectral range 190 - 1000 nm

Spectral range 190 - 1000 nm Sensitivity 0.29 A/W (@ 850 nm) 0.36 A/W (@ 700 nm)

Input offset current (dark current) 2 pA typ.

Input offset drift see table below

Input offset compensation range ± 600 pA, adjustable by offset potentiometer or

±400 pA, adjustable by external control voltage

Optical CW saturation power see table below Noise equivalent power (NEP) see table below

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Specifications (continued)

Indicator LED

Performance Depending on Gain Setting

Gain setting (low noise) (V/W)**	10 ³	10 ⁴	10 ⁵	10 ⁶	10 ⁷	10 ⁸	109
Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB)	500 kHz	500 kHz	400 kHz	200 kHz	50 kHz	7 kHz	1.1 kHz
Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %)	700 ns	700 ns	900 ns	1.8 µs	7 µs	50 µs	300 µs
NEP (/√Hz)**	60 pW	7.3 pW	1.5 pW	450 fW	150 fW	48 fW	17 fW
Measured at	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	1 kHz	1 kHz	100 Hz	100 Hz
Integr. input noise (RMS)***	63 nW	9 nW	2.8 nW	1 nW	320 pW	46 pW	6.2 pW
Input offset drift (/°C)**	100 nW	10 nW	1 nW	85 pW	8.5 pW	1.3 pW	1 pW
Gain drift (/°C)	0.008%	0.008%	0.008%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.02%
Optical CW saturation power**	2 mW	1 mW	0.1 mW	10 μW	1μW	0.1 μW	10 nW
Gain setting (high speed) (V/W)**	10 ⁵	10 ⁶	10 ⁷	10 ⁸	10 ⁹	10 ¹⁰	10 ¹¹
Gain setting (high speed) (V/W)** Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB)	10 ⁵ 500 kHz		10	10 ⁸ 200 kHz		10 ¹⁰ 7 kHz	10 ¹¹ 1.1 kHz
			10				
Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB)	500 kHz	500 kHz	400 kHz	200 kHz	50 kHz	7 kHz	1.1 kHz
Upper cut-off frequency (-3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %)	500 kHz 700 ns	500 kHz 700 ns	400 kHz 900 ns	200 kHz 1.8 μs	50 kHz 7 μs	7 kHz 50 μs	1.1 kHz 300 μs
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) NEP (/√Hz)**	500 kHz 700 ns 48 pW	500 kHz 700 ns 6.6 pW	400 kHz 900 ns 1.5 pW	200 kHz 1.8 µs 450 fW 1 kHz 920 pW	50 kHz 7 μs 150 fW	7 kHz 50 μs 48 fW 100 Hz	1.1 kHz 300 µs 17 fW
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) NEP (/√Hz)** Measured at Integr. input noise (RMS)*** Input offset drift (/°C)**	500 kHz 700 ns 48 pW 10 kHz 41 nW 100 nW	500 kHz 700 ns 6.6 pW 10 kHz 6.8 nW 10 nW	400 kHz 900 ns 1.5 pW 10 kHz 2.5 nW 1 nW	200 kHz 1.8 µs 450 fW 1 kHz 920 pW 85 pW	50 kHz 7 μs 150 fW 1 kHz 300 pW 8.5 pW	7 kHz 50 μs 48 fW 100 Hz 43 pW 1.3 pW	1.1 kHz 300 µs 17 fW 100 Hz 6.1 pW 1 pW
Upper cut-off frequency (–3 dB) Rise/fall time (10 % - 90 %) NEP (/√Hz)** Measured at Integr. input noise (RMS)***	500 kHz 700 ns 48 pW 10 kHz 41 nW	500 kHz 700 ns 6.6 pW 10 kHz 6.8 nW	400 kHz 900 ns 1.5 pW 10 kHz 2.5 nW	200 kHz 1.8 µs 450 fW 1 kHz 920 pW 85 pW	50 kHz 7 μs 150 fW 1 kHz 300 pW	7 kHz 50 µs 48 fW 100 Hz 43 pW	1.1 kHz 300 µs 17 fW 100 Hz 6.1 pW

^{**} referred to 850 nm

The input referred peak-peak noise can be calculated from the RMS noise as follows:

 $P_{\text{Input noise peak-to-peak}} = P_{\text{Input noise RMS}} \times 6$

The output noise is given by: = P Input noise RMS x gain U Output noise RMS

 $U_{\text{Output noise peak-to-peak}} = U_{\text{Output noise RMS}} \ x \ 6 = P_{\text{Input noise RMS}} \ x \ gain \ x \ 6$

The integrated noise will be reduced considerably by setting the low pass filter to "10 Hz" instead of "FBW". This is especially useful for continuous wave (CW) measurements.

Output Output voltage range $\pm 10 \text{ V}$ (@ $\geq 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ output load) Max. output current ±30 mA (short-circuit proof) Output impedance 50 Ω (terminate with ≥100 k Ω)

> Function overload

Digital Control Control input voltage range LOW bit: -0.8 ... +1.2 V, HIGH bit: +2.3 ... +12 V

Control input current 0 mA @ 0 V, 1.5 mA @ +5 V, 4.5 mA @ +12 V Overload output nonactive: <0.4 V, @ 0 ... -1 mA

active: typ. 5 ... 5.1 V @ 0 ... 2 mA

Ext. Offset Control Control voltage range ±10 V 20 kΩ Offset control input impedance

Conversion factor 40 pA/V

Power Supply Supply voltage ±15 V (±14.75 ... ±16.5 V)

> Supply current +110/-80 mA (depends on operating conditions, recommended power supply capability min. ±200 mA)

Stabilized power supply output ±12 V, max. 50 mA, +5 V, max. 30 mA

Case Weight 360 g (0.79 lb)

> AlMg4.5Mn, nickel-plated Material

-40 ... +80 °C Temperature Range Storage temperature Operating temperature 0 ... +60 °C

^{***} The integrated input noise is measured with a shaded input in the full bandwidth ("FBW") setting (referred to 850 nm).

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Absolute Maximum Ratings	Optical input power (CW) Digital control input voltage Analog control input voltage Power supply voltage	20 mW -5 V/+16 V relative to digital ground DGND (pin 9) ±15 V relative to analog ground AGND (pin 3) ±20 V					
Connectors	Input	OE-200-UV-FST	1.035"-40 threaded flange				
		0E-200-UV-FS	for free space applications 25 mm unthreaded flange for free space applications				
		0E-200-UV-FC	FC fiber optic connector				
	Output	BNC jack (female)					
	Power supply	Lemo® series 1S, 3- (mating plug type: F Pin 1: +15 V Pin 2: -15 V Pin 3: GND	-pin fixed socket FA.1S.303.CLAC52)				
		PIN 2	PIN 1 +Vs PIN 3 GND				
	Control port	Sub-D 25-pin, female, qual. class 2 Pin 1: +12 V (stabilized power supply output) Pin 2: -12 V (stabilized power supply output) Pin 3: AGND (analog ground for pins 1 - 8) Pin 4: +5 V (stabilized power supply output) Pin 5: overload output: HIGH = overload					
Scope of Delivery	OE-200-UV, internally threaded datasheet, transport package	OE-200-UV, internally threaded coupler ring (FST version only), Lemo $^{\$}$ 3-pin connector, datasheet, transport package					

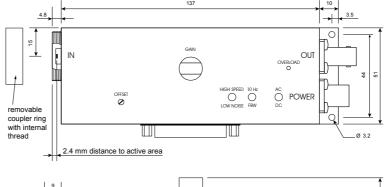
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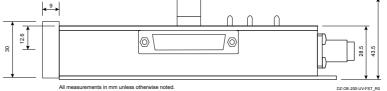
Remote Control Operation General Remote control input bits are opto-isolated and connected by a logical OR function to the local switch settings. For remote control set the corresponding local switches to "Remote", "AC" and "H" and select the desired setting via a bit code at the corresponding digital inputs. Mixed operation, e.g. local AC/DC setting and remote controlled gain setting, is also possible. The switch setting "FBW / 10 Hz" of the low pass signal filter is not remote controllable. Gain setting Low noise High speed Pin 12 Pin 11 Pin 10 Gain (V/W) Gain (V/W) Pin 14=HIGH Pin 14=LOW MSB LSB 10³ 10⁵ LOW LOW LOW 10⁶ 10⁴ LOW LOW HIGH 10⁵ 10[′] LOW HIGH LOW 10⁶ 10⁸ LOW HIGH HIGH 10⁷ 10⁹ HIGH LOW LOW 10¹⁰ 10⁸ HIGH LOW HIGH 10¹¹ 10⁹ HIGH HIGH LOW Gain settling time <150 ms AC/DC setting Coupling Pin 13 LOW AC DC HIGH Conversion Gain Normalized Conversion Gain 1.4 1.2 Conversion Gain (V/W) 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 100 300 500 700 900 1100 Wavelength (nm)

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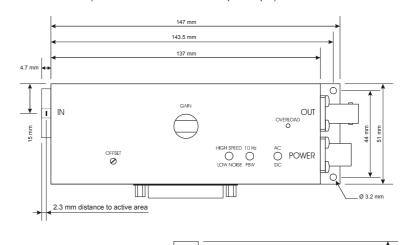
Dimensions

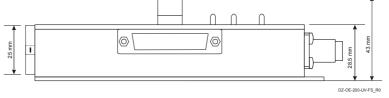
OE-200-UV-FST (1.035"-40 threaded free space input):





OE-200-UV-FS (25 mm dia. unthreaded free space input):

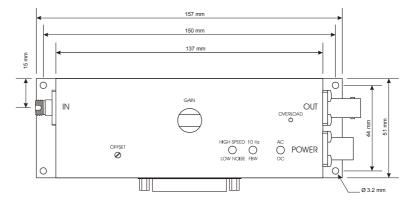


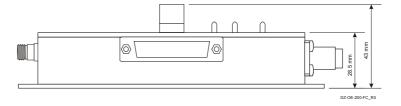


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Dimensions (continued)

OE-200-UV-FC (FC fiber optic input):





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